Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service



Basic Peace Officer Course Rules, Policies, and Procedures

International Association of Chiefs of Police

Law Enforcement Code of Ethics

As a law enforcement officer, my fundamental duty is to serve the community; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the constitutional rights of all to liberty, equality, and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all and will behave in a manner that does not bring discredit to me or to my agency. I will maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed both in my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the law and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, political beliefs, aspirations, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of police service. I will never engage in acts of corruption or bribery, nor will I condone such acts by other police officers. I will cooperate with all legally authorized agencies and their representatives in the pursuit of justice.

I know that I alone am responsible for my own standard of professional performance and will take every reasonable opportunity to enhance and improve my level of knowledge and competence.

I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession... law enforcement.

The IACP adopted the Law Enforcement Code of Ethics at the 64th Annual IACP Conference and Exposition in October 1957. The Code of Ethics stands as a preface to the mission and commitment law enforcement agencies make to the public they serve.

Mission Statement

The mission of the Central Texas Police Academy is to provide the highest quality law enforcement instruction to its clients and to insure at all times that the standards and requirements of the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement and the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service are met or exceeded.

Introduction

Realizing the public holds law enforcement officers to a high standard of conduct and behavior, it is important to remind ourselves of the obligation we have to the community and law enforcement agencies. These standards have been placed into effect and will assist in forming a guide for Cadets participating in the Basic Peace Officer Course.

Purpose

Cadets shall be governed by the Basic Peace Officer Course Rules, Policies and Procedures contained in this manual. Cadets who violate any of these rules of conduct will be subject to possible disciplinary action to include dismissal from the Basic Peace Officer Course.

Definitions

For the purposes of this manual, the following terms are defined:

Academy Program Manager

The Academy Program Manager manages the efforts of the CTPA to include the Daytime and

Evening Basic Peace Officer Courses held by the Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence. The Academy Program Manager is the immediate supervisor of the Academy Training Coordinator.

Academy Training Coordinator

The Academy Training Coordinator is responsible for the day to day operation of the CTPA and reviews the progress of all areas of Cadet training.

<u>Applicant</u>

The term applicant defines a person who desires to be enrolled in the Basic Peace Officer Course with the Central Texas Police Academy.

BPOC

BPOC refers to the Basic Peace Officer Course (TCOLE course #1000) and is also commonly referred to as the Police Academy course.

Cadet

The term Cadet defines a student currently enrolled in the Basic Peace Officer Course with the Central Texas Police Academy.

CTPA

CTPA refers to the Central Texas Police Academy and its training courses. The CTPA is a training program function of the TEEX Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence.

Division Director

The Division Director is responsible for all activities conducted by or facilitated through the Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence to include the Central Texas Police Academy.

Associate Division Director

The Associate Division Director is responsible for the supervision and oversight of operations conducted by the Law Enforcement Extension Program and the Protective Services Program within the Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence.

<u>Instructors</u>

Instructors include both sworn and non-sworn personnel assigned to training classes. Instructors have the responsibility of observing Cadet academic progress and behavior and informing the training staff of these observations.

ILEPSE

Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence is a training division of the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service.

TCOLE

TCOLE refers to the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement. TCOLE is the state body that licenses both peace officers and law enforcement training providers. The CTPA is a TCOLE licensed Academy. All TCOLE rules and statutes govern the operation of CTPA courses.

TEEX

TEEX refers to the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service.

Training Staff

The training staff or staff includes the Division Director, Associate Division Director, Academy Program Manager, Academy Training Coordinator, sworn personnel and civilian personnel assigned to the Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence. This also includes Adjunct Instructors that deliver instruction.

1. TCOLE Minimum Standards for Enrollment and Initial Licensing

(Extracted from the TCOLE Rule 217.1 effective 02/05/2001)

In order for an individual to enroll in any basic licensing course the provider must have on file documentation, acceptable to the Commission, that the individual meets eligibility for licensure.

Applicants must meet the following standards:

1.1. Minimum Age Requirement

1.1.1. Applicants must be 21 years of age; or 18 years of age if the applicant has received: an associate's degree; or 60 semester hours of credit from an accredited college or university; or has received an honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United States after at least two years of active service;

1.2. Minimum Educational Requirements

1.2.1. Applicant has passed a general educational development (GED) test indicating high school graduation level; holds a high school diploma; or for enrollment purposes in a basic peace officer academy only, has an honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United States after at least 24 months of active duty service.

1.3. Additional Requirements

- 1.3.1. Applicant is fingerprinted and subjected to a search of local, state and U.S. national records and fingerprint files to disclose any criminal record.
- 1.3.2. Applicant has never been on court-ordered community supervision or probation for any criminal offense above the grade of Class B misdemeanor or a Class B misdemeanor within the last ten years from the date of the court order.
- 1.3.3. Applicant is not currently charged with any criminal offense for which conviction would be a bar to licensure.
- 1.3.4. Applicant has never been convicted of an offense above the grade of a Class B misdemeanor or a Class B misdemeanor within the last ten years.
- 1.3.5. Applicant has never been convicted or placed on community supervision in any court of an offense involving family violence as defined under Chapter 71, Texas Family Code.
- 1.3.6. Applicant is not prohibited by state or federal law from operating a motor vehicle.

- 1.3.7. Applicant is not prohibited by state or federal law from possessing firearms or ammunition.
- 1.3.8. Applicant has been subjected to a background investigation completed by the enrolling or appointing entity into the applicant's personal history.
- 1.3.9. Applicant has been examined by a physician, selected by the appointing or employing agency, who is licensed by the Texas Medical Board.
- 1.3.10. Applicant has been examined by a psychologist, selected by the appointing, employing agency, or the academy, who is licensed by the Texas State Board of Examiners of Psychologists.
- 1.3.11. Applicant has never received a dishonorable discharge.
- 1.3.12. Applicant has not had a commission license denied by final order or revoked.
- 1.3.13. Applicant is not currently on suspension, or does not have a surrender of license currently in effect.
- 1.3.14. Applicant meets the minimum training standards and passes the commission licensing examination for each license sought.
- 1.3.15. Applicant is a U.S. citizen

2. Admission Requirements

- 2.1. Applicants for the Basic Peace Office Course (BPOC) must meet the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE) minimum standards for licensing as a law enforcement officer, as set forth in TCOLE minimum standards for enrollment and initial licensing.
- 2.2. Applicants must either be employed by a Texas law enforcement agency (meeting the requirements of the Declaration of Licensing Course Enrollment Eligibility form) or the enrolling entity shall: require completion of the Commission-approved personal history statement; verify that the applicant meets each individual requirement for licensure under this rule based on the personal history statement and any other information known to the enrolling entity; and contact all previous enrolling entities.
- 2.3. The applicant must possess a valid Texas driver's license.
- 2.4. The applicant may not have been dismissed from a BPOC for any reason other than academic failure. In the event of academic failure from the CTPA or another provider's BPOC, the applicant must wait a minimum of one year before being eligible for admission to the Central Texas Police Academy BPOC.

- 2.5. The applicant must meet the following requirements necessary to perform the essential functions of a peace officer:
 - 2.5.1. Vision sufficient to perform functions such as apprehend suspects; obtain information at disturbances, service and accident calls; and to read and review written communications:
 - 2.5.2. Hearing and speech sufficient to communicate clearly and distinctly face-to-face as well as over the radio in normal and adverse conditions;
 - 2.5.3. Arm and hand steadiness and manual dexterity sufficient to use weapons necessary to prevent injury or to protect self and others;
 - 2.5.4. Stamina and tolerance sufficient to remain physically and mentally alert for short bursts of extremely intense physical and/or mental activity separated by extended periods of physical and/or mental inactivity.
- 2.6. The applicant must complete all forms required by the Academy and/or TCOLE. Failure to do so shall exclude the applicant from admission to the BPOC. All documents relating to admission to the Academy will be completed and retained by the Academy and/or employing agency, pending graduation.

3. Requirements as a Cadet

3.1. Academic and Skills Requirements

The Central Texas Police Academy recognizes 80 percent as the minimum score required to pass examinations in all areas of training: academic, technical skills, and physical training.

In order for a Cadet to graduate from the BPOC and qualify for the TCOLE examination, the following academic standards must be met:

- 3.1.1. Meet and maintain enrollment and attendance requirements established by these rules.
- 3.1.2. Successfully complete all major examinations with a minimum score of 80 percent.
- 3.1.3. Successfully complete the final examination with a minimum score of 80 percent.
- 3.1.4. Successfully complete the academic and firearms qualifications courses with a minimum score of 80 percent.
- 3.1.5. Successfully complete all academic and skills portions of the driver training course with a minimum score of 80 percent.

- 3.1.6. Successfully complete all academic and skills portions of the defensive tactics training requirements with a minimum score of 80 percent.
- 3.1.7. Successfully complete the cardio pulmonary resuscitation (CPR)/First Aid course training requirements and practical simulations.
- 3.1.8. Successfully complete the Standardized Field Sobriety Testing course training requirements with a minimum score of 80%.
- 3.1.9. Successfully complete CIT (40 hour) with a minimum score of 80%.

3.2. Physical Training Requirements

- 3.2.1. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): An individual with a disability is defined by the ADA as a person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, a person who has a history or record of such impairment, or a person who is perceived by others as having such impairment.
- 3.2.2. If a Cadet has a disability that meets the above definition, the Cadet must submit a written physician's statement as to the nature of the disability and what reasonable accommodations the Cadet requires.
- 3.2.3 A Cadet can utilize TEEX Disability Accommodations or Blinn Disability Services if enrolled through Blinn College.

3.3. Cadet Participation in Physical Training:

- 3.3.1. Physical fitness and upper body strength are a crucial part of a Cadet's performance during both the BPOC training as well as meeting basic peace officer safety concerns. In an effort to prepare for both training and actual physical expectations, Cadets will participate in all physical training. As part of the physical training regimen, Cadets will perform two pull-ups or five push-ups prior to entering any building.
- 3.3.2. If a Cadet suffers an injury that limits his/her ability to participate in physical training, CTPA training staff will attempt to accommodate the Cadet's injury in an effort to keep them engaged in ongoing training.

3.4. Academic Grading and BPOC Average

- 3.4.1. The Cadet must have an 80 percent overall average to graduate from the CTPA BPOC.
- 3.4.2. Cadets are administered three comprehensive major exams and one comprehensive final exam.

3.4.3. BPOC final average is based on the following formula:

a. Topic and skills testb. Quarterly examsc. Final exam20 percent30 percent50 percent

- 3.4.4. If a Cadet scores less than 80 percent on any required examination (including firearms, driving, defensive tactics, SFST, and CIT) a retest will be scheduled by the instructor. The retest will be taken within five working days. If the Cadet scores less than 80 percent on any retest, the Cadet will be dismissed from the CTPA. The Cadet will not receive a grade higher than 80 percent on any retest regardless of the actual score. The Cadet will be allowed only one retest on a major or final exam.
- 3.4.5. The Cadet must pass the final exam with an 80 percent or better and have at least an 80 percent overall average to graduate from the CTPA BPOC.

3.5. Attendance

- 3.5.1. Students are required to attend all classroom hours. TCOLE Rule 218.1 (C)(4) states that failure to meet the minimum course length may be grounds for denial of training. The student shall attend the entire class to receive credit.
- 3.5.2. If students do not complete the original BPOC course they are enrolled in, they must start and complete another BPOC in its entirety. Partial credit may not be given to students who do not complete the entire course. Students who start one BPOC course may not be moved into another subsequent BPOC course due to failure, injury, or other lapse in training.
- 3.5.3. Any hours missed must be "made up" before the course ends. The student will be responsible for working with BPOC staff to schedule the required make-up hours.

3.6. Uniform and Grooming Standards

- 3.6.1. Unless otherwise directed, Cadets will wear the required CTPA uniform at all times while participating in Academy activities. Cadets will always present a professional image and shirt tails will always be tucked in. Physical training attire is to be considered an Academy uniform and shall be maintained as such. CTPA uniform caps must be worn on the firing range.
- 3.6.2. Academy uniforms will be kept neat, clean, and well maintained. Cadets are responsible for replacing any lost or damaged parts of the uniform.
- 3.6.3. Cadets will not be allowed to participate in classroom activities unless they are wearing the complete CTPA uniform.

- 3.6.4. The Cadet may wear the CTPA uniform while traveling to and from the Academy and during breaks. However, the CTPA uniform may not be worn by a Cadet while performing off site activities unless directly associated with planned class activities approved by the Academy Program Manager or Academy Training Coordinator.
- 3.6.5. The police duty belt worn during practical activities and while at the firing range may not be worn while off TEEX property unless authorized by the Academy Program Manager or Academy Training Coordinator. The uniform will only be worn during these circumstances when it is a vital part of a training session that will be conducted beyond the boundaries of the campus. If necessary, the duty belt may be secured in a vehicle or in the Academy classroom.

3.6.6. Hair Requirements

- a. Male Cadets: Hair will be worn above the ears and above the collar. 'Ponytails' are not allowed. The male cadet will be clean shaven each day. The only facial hair allowed is a mustache which will not extend beyond the corners of the mouth.
- b. Female Cadets: Hair will be worn above the ears and collar. 'Ponytails' are not allowed and long hair will be worn up above the collar and close to the head in order to protect the Cadet from possible injury.
- 3.6.7. The Cadet may not wear jewelry that hangs loose from any portion of the body, as it could cause injury to the Cadet, or keep the Cadet from operating any equipment, or performing practical training tactics safely. Male Cadets may not wear earrings. No Cadet may wear jewelry that requires facial piercing during class. All jewelry will be removed during defensive tactics and other skills training to reduce the likelihood of a Cadet becoming injured.
- 3.6.8. The dress code applies to all BPOC cadets. The CTPA does not discriminate against any cadet because of that person's race, color, religion, sex, sexual or gender orientation, national origin, age, handicap, or veteran status. The CTPA is committed to making reasonable accommodations for a cadet in regard to a dress code issue when the cadet provides a unique need due to a firmly-established religious belief and such belief does not otherwise prevent the cadet from fulfilling all academic and practical requirements for BPOC completion.
- 3.6.9. A cadet who believes that for religious reasons they should be allowed to deviate from the dress code rule may request an accommodation by submitting proper documentation to the CTPA for review and approval.

4. Code of Conduct

The philosophy of this academy is one of professionalism, excellence and continuous improvement. This concept can only be achieved through the collective efforts of those involved.

The conduct of individuals personally and professionally is a direct extension of their individual character. Cadets shall conduct themselves at all times in such a manner so as to reflect most favorably upon themselves, their sponsoring agencies, the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service and the Central Texas Police Academy.

- 4.1. Code of Ethics This academy adopts the Law Enforcement Code of Ethics as published by the International Association of Chiefs of Police. As a prospective police officer, all cadets shall embrace these ethical tenets.
- 4.2. Immoral Conduct Cadets shall maintain a level of moral conduct in their personal and business affairs which is keeping with the highest standards. Cadets shall not participate in any incident or activity involving moral turpitude which impairs their ability to perform or brings the academy into disrepute.
- 4.3. Unbecoming Conduct Conduct unbecoming includes actions that brings the academy into disrepute, are contrary to the interests of the public, or that which impairs the efficient and/or effective operation of the academy, the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service, CTPA Cadet or their sponsoring agency.

Conduct unbecoming includes but is not limited to:

- 4.3.1. Being under investigation for or arrested for any violation of criminal law while attending the academy. Should such an event occur during the course of the academy, the cadet will be required to notify the academy coordinator of the details.
- 4.3.2. Disrespect, intimidation, coercion or insubordination to any CTPA participant, staff member or instructor.
- 4.3.3. Identifying yourself as a CTPA Cadet with expectation of receiving special treatment, goods, services or other gratuities
- 4.3.4. Any cadet found to have engaged in "conduct unbecoming" or fails to report any violation of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from the Central Texas Police Academy.

- 4.4. Dishonesty Academic dishonesty refers to committing or contributing to dishonest acts by those engaged in the CTPA learning process.
 - 4.4.1. Any Cadet found to be guilty of dishonesty will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
- 4.5. Cheating Involves the unauthorized use of information, materials, devices, sources or practices in completing academic activities. Viewing the test of another Cadet or allowing the Cadet to view class work associated with a test being administered. A student who allows another student to copy from his or her work is considered to be facilitating or contributing to cheating.
 - 4.5.1. Any Cadet found to be guilty of cheating will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
- 4.6 Plagiarism Generally, involves using others people's words or ideas without proper citation.
 - 4.6.1. The copying of or purchase of class work and/or answers from another Cadet or outside source, or allowing another Cadet to copy or purchase class work.
 - 4.6.2. Self-plagiarism means reusing work that you have already published or submitted for a class. It can involve re-submitting an entire paper,
 - copying or paraphrasing passages from your previous work, or recycling old data.
 - Should you be required to include text, ideas or data that already appeared in previous work, you should always inform the reader by citing your previous work.
 - 4.6.3. Any Cadet found to be guilty of plagiarism will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
 - 4.6.4. Fabrication or falsification involves the unauthorized creation or alteration of information in an academic document or activity. Any Cadet found to be guilty of fabrication will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
 - 4.6.5. Sabotage involves disrupting or destroying another person's work so that the other person cannot complete an academic activity successfully. Any Cadet found to be guilty of sabotage will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
 - 4.6.6. Intentional behavior targeted at an individual or group that is repeated, hostile or offensive, and creates an intimidating and/or threatening environment which produces a risk of psychological and/or physical harm will not be tolerated and may be grounds for disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.

- 4.6.7. Failure to comply with specific directions from any CTPA Instructor during any qualification or skill testing for certification. Any Cadet failing to comply with directions will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal from the CTPA.
- 4.7. Sexual, Racial, Religious or Ethnic Harassment
 - 4.7.1. Any Cadet found to be guilty of committing any type of sexual harassment, whether by non-verbal, verbal, physical, or graphic means may be subject to dismissal from the CTPA. Such activity could be deemed criminal in nature and may be reported to local authorities for action, if warranted.
 - 4.7.2. No Cadet, whether in the presence of an outside visitor, CTPA staff, or other Cadet, shall engage in any form of communication likely to be construed as a racial, religious, or ethnic slur or joke.
 - 4.7.3. All Cadets shall refrain from using foul or abusive language in the learning environment.
- 4.8. A Cadet will obey all lawful directions given by training staff and/or supervisors. A failure or deliberate refusal by the Cadet to obey such direction may be deemed insubordination. Displaying obvious disrespect for or disputing a CTPA Instructor's direction may likewise be deemed insubordination.
- 4.9. A Cadet may not gamble in or around TEEX facilities. Any Cadet found guilty of violating this code will be subject to the disciplinary procedures.
- 4.10. All paperwork and other associated documents located on the Instructor podium or within CTPA training staff offices will be considered confidential. If such items are located by a Cadet and left unattended, it is the responsibility of the Cadet to advise an Instructor.
- 4.11. The use of any alcoholic beverage, intoxicants, or narcotic substances as controlled by the State of Texas, while in or around TEEX facilities, is prohibited. Additionally, Cadets are prohibited from attending any training session while under the influence of any of the above-described substances. Any physical signs or symptoms associated with such use will be deemed evidence associated with possible intoxication. Violations of this rule may result in dismissal from CTPA.
- 4.12. A Cadet taking medication or controlled substances as prescribed by a physician shall advise the Academy Program Manager or Academy Training Coordinator immediately as to the type of medication, the prescribing physician and purpose of the medication. All medications will be kept in the prescribed container.

4.13. The use of tobacco in any form is prohibited on the RELLIS Campus.

4.14. Possession and Handling of Firearms

- 4.14.1. A Cadet may not bring firearms or ammunition into the ILEPSE building, the CTPA or its associated facilities, unless directed by the Academy Program Manager or Academy Training Coordinator. Violation of this rule may result in dismissal from the CTPA.
- 4.14.2. Reckless handling, unauthorized brandishing or other unauthorized display of any firearm will not be tolerated. Under no circumstances will a firearm be worn by a Cadet outside the CTPA without prior approval from the Academy Program Manager or Training Coordinator. Violation of this rule may result in dismissal from the CTPA.
- 4.14.3. Proper firearms safety procedures are crucial to ensure Cadet and CTPA staff safety. Cadets will be trained and required to master the safe operation of all firearms prior to progressing to live-fire exercises. Failure to master safe firearms operation procedures may be grounds for removal from and subsequent failure of BPOC firearms training.

5. Building Procedures

- 5.1. Cadets are prohibited from bringing food or drinks into the classroom.
- 5.2. Cadets are responsible for keeping facility building entrance doors closed at all times.
- 5.3. Cadets are responsible for picking up any trash found in the classroom as well as any CTPA training facility and properly disposing of it.

6. Reporting Accidents and Injuries

- 6.1. A Cadet who has been involved in an accident or received injury as a result of training shall immediately or as soon as practical provide a written report addressed to the Academy Program Manager or Academy Training Coordinator describing circumstances surrounding the incident.
- 6.2. Injuries suffered by the Cadet that are unrelated to CTPA training but likely to interfere with the Cadet's performance during subsequent training efforts, should be reported as well.
- 6.3. Injuries that interfere with performance will require a physician's letter indicating the nature of the injury and the level of activity allowed. Information regarding any injury incurred during training, requiring a doctor's visit, will be forwarded to the training division of the Cadet's sponsoring agency, if applicable.

6.4. Cadets shall immediately notify their sponsor and/or employer of any accident or injury, if applicable.

7. Supervision/Authority

- 7.1. The CTPA Instructor will serve as the first line of supervision for the Cadet's day to day activities. The Academy Training Coordinator will serve as the next line of supervision for the CTPA. The Training Coordinator will provide day to day guidance to Cadets and be responsible for assigning Instructors to teach all training modules. The Academy Training Manager will have responsibility and oversight of all functions of the day and evening academies and will serve as the final line of supervision over assigned training staff and the Academy Training Coordinator. The ILEPSE Division Director will have oversight and authority for all division activities.
- 7.2. Should a Cadet have a concern of any kind, they should first approach the assigned CTPA Instructor for guidance. Personal concerns may be directed to the Academy Training Coordinator. Only in an emergency should Academy staff be contacted outside of normal working hours.
- 7.3. The CTPA Instructor will have control and authority over all training delivery sessions assigned by Academy staff. All Cadets will comply with instructions and/or directions received from the CTPA Instructor. Any appeal or question regarding these instructions and/or directions is to be addressed through the CTPA line of authority.

8. Discipline

8.1 Unsatisfactory Performance

- 8.1.1. In the event a Cadet's personal conduct or academic performance falls below accepted standards, the appropriate reports shall be submitted to the Academy Program Manager. The reports shall outline the nature and scope of the Cadet's substandard performance or conduct.
- 8.1.2. The Academy Program Manager shall consider the nature and scope of the Cadet's substandard performance and determine the appropriate course of action with regard to the best interest of the Cadet and the Institute for Law Enforcement & Protective Services Excellence. The Academy Program Manager may consult with the Cadet's employer or sponsoring agency regarding performance issues involving sponsored Cadets.
- 8.1.3. Cadets who wish to register a complaint regarding concerns over personal treatment while at the CTPA shall do so through the established line of authority.

8.2 Disciplinary Action

- 8.2.1 A Cadet may be subject to any or all of the following disciplinary actions for a violation of the CTPA BPOC rules.
 - a. Verbal reprimand
 - b. Written reprimand that is placed in the Cadet's Academy file. Probation may be imposed on the issuance of the second written reprimand.
 - c. Removal from the classroom.
 - d. Placed on disciplinary probation
 - e. Dismissal from the CTPA
- 8.2.2 . A CTPA Instructor may reprimand a student either verbally or in writing and/or remove a student from the classroom. The Academy Program Coordinator may place a Cadet on disciplinary probation.
- 8.2.3. Disciplinary probation, when imposed, shall be for any time period ranging from two weeks to the end of the BPOC. The Cadet will be informed, in writing, of the grounds, length, and conditions of probation. The Cadet will be expected to abide by all conditions imposed by probation.
- 8.2.4. Cadets that violate any CTPA BPOC rule, policy, procedure, or condition of probation, while on disciplinary probation may be dismissed from the CTPA.

9. Dismissal from the BPOC

- 9.1 A Cadet attending the CTPA BPOC may be dismissed from the course for any of the following reasons:
 - 9.1.1. Failure to comply with the course pre-enrollment and enrollment requirements, including execution of all forms and documents involved with enrollment.
 - 9.1.2. Academic failure.
 - 9.1.3. Class absences in excess of 5 percent of required course hours.
 - 9.1.4. Violation of the CTPA rules, policies, or procedures to such an extent that, in the opinion of the CTPA staff, continued attendance would not be in the best interest of the Cadet or the CTPA.
 - 9.1.5. Cadet dismissal from the Academy shall occur only after a full disclosure and inquiry into the facts and circumstances of the infraction. In the event of a final decision of dismissal, the Cadet and/or his law enforcement employer (or sponsor) will be notified in writing.
 - 9.1.6. The Academy Program Manager will possess the authority to dismiss a Cadet

from the CTPA after consultation with the Division Director.

10. Appeals of Disciplinary Action

- 10.1. A Cadet wishing to appeal any disciplinary action will use the proper line of authority as set forth in Section 7.
- 10.2. All appeals will be made in writing to the appropriate level of authority as soon as possible, but no later than five working days after the Cadet is notified of the disciplinary action.
- 10.3. Appeals involving reprimands or disciplinary probation are heard first by the Associate Division Director.
- 10.4. A dismissal from the BPOC program may be appealed to the Division Director in writing through the Training Manager and Associate Division Director.